

Artin and Hilbert type theorems for Lie algebras

Ana Agore¹

If $\mathfrak{g} \subseteq \mathfrak{h}$ is an extension of Lie algebras over a field k such that $\dim_k(\mathfrak{g}) = n$ and $\dim_k(\mathfrak{h}) = n+m$, then the Galois group $\text{Gal}(\mathfrak{h}/\mathfrak{g})$ is explicitly described as a subgroup of the canonical semidirect product of groups $\text{GL}(m, k) \rtimes M_{n \times m}(k)$. An Artin type theorem for Lie algebras is proved: if a group G whose order is invertible in k acts as automorphisms on a Lie algebra \mathfrak{h} , then \mathfrak{h} is isomorphic to a skew crossed product $\mathfrak{h}^G \#^\bullet V$, where \mathfrak{h}^G is the subalgebra of invariants and V is the kernel of the Reynolds operator. The Galois group $\text{Gal}(\mathfrak{h}/\mathfrak{h}^G)$ is also computed, highlighting the difference from the classical Galois theory of fields where the corresponding group is G . The counterpart for Lie algebras of Hilbert's Theorem 90 is proved and based on it the structure of Lie algebras \mathfrak{h} having a certain type of action of a finite cyclic group is described. Radical extensions of finite dimensional Lie algebras are introduced and it is shown that their Galois group is solvable. Several applications and examples are provided. Based on a joint work with G. Militaru ([1]).

References

- [1] A. AGORE AND G. MILITARU, Galois groups and group actions on Lie algebras, preprint arXiv:1505.07346

¹Vrije Universiteit Brussel, Pleinlaan 2 B-1050 Brussel - Belgium
ana.agore@vub.ac.be